SIERRA CITY

ICAL INTEREST

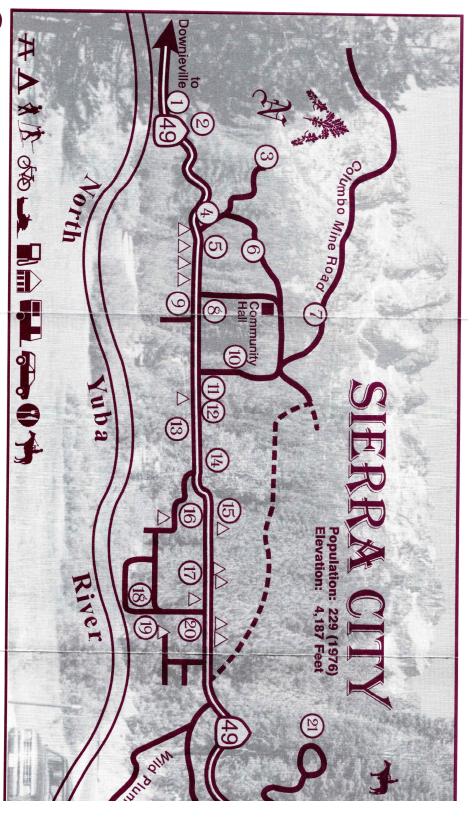
ences of the 1880's ows crushing many trimmediately rebuild istead constructed drie lode mines. This lages which included or until 1858 that m. This is primarily from later years.

iouse, built by Watt is, was first known as hes was one of the ng America Mine ly productive mine (1884 to 1893), and a month. The Holley House while proprietor of a general 1925.

ibers of the Bigelow rea in the early eeking relief from erra City. He came s built in 1867, along of the Masonic Hall. e 1870's to 1976.

early cemetery of

The lager beer of 5 on this site in the 25 among the best other towns of the 5 drinking faciliwere 27 bars and 2



lished by John Sorracco in this building in 1885. The front and residence sections are the oldest; further additions have been made over the years. It was the Sorracco Hotel until 1915. In the 1940's the front section was remodeled and the building became the Zerloff Hotel.

churches, built in 1881 and 1887, were destroyed by fire (1882) and the Great Avalanche (1890) respectively. In 1903 the present church was built.

7 Bigelow Mine and Mill. The Bigelow Mine was one of the early mines of the 1850's. By 1860 it contained a 4-stamp mill. In

May of 1860, \$1,700 worth of gold was taken out in 15 days. It's main tunnel extends about 1,800 feet. The mine was worked into the early 1900's by Orson Bigelow and then by others into the late 1930's. In the 1940's the mill was torn down and sold for scrap. The visible concrete abuttment supported tram rails between the mine and the mill over the present road.

building housed a saloon. In the 1880's this building housed a saloon. In later years a grocery was established here. In the 1920's this became a Red and White Store which was an early form of chain stores.

Rose's Hotel. John Rose Sr. built Rose's Hotel (also called Miners's Hotel) in the

1880's. He was Propris was succeeded by his s 1925. In the mid-1880 cost \$1 a day and \$6 a

Church of Sierra and is presumed to have church which stands to been erected in 1883.

the Masonic Hall. He has masonic Ord 64 at the same time the was known as the Moor were held during full-metravel from far away oni

wer. There have ires in Sierra City vn has a plentiful pply. Its layout also es. The fire bell and a Hose Com-9. In 1882 there Street.

building housed he 1870's to the la shop for sharpor miners. Since the s been a restaurant, of the building 30's.

ilding. The corner ailding, the largest slaid by the E. art of the Inde-The bricks of the from local clay at a ling was completed st Sierra City Wells floor. The building hich had a spring during the dances lding's wood parts

of the Odd Fels built in the late ed I.O.O.F. It was



also used as a community hall, where nickel dances, basketball games, meetings and other events were held. The structure met its demise by fire.

building of the 1880's was at different times a tinsmith shop, a hardware store and a mercantile store. From 1918 to 1965 the Sierra Mercantile Building housed the Sierra City Post Office, which had moved there from the Busch Building.

17 Livery stable. This site was a livery stable in the 1880's to 1990's. It is not known who the owners were.

18 Fannie Smith House. Built in 1875.

(19) Price House. Built in 1880.

Riley began a small private school in a room under the Masonic Hall instructing about 10 pupils. She taught there until 1868 when she returned to teaching privately. In 1869 a public school opened and Hannah began teaching pupils there. The school building was constructed in 1883 and had about 68 pupils by 1890. Beginning in 1943 students were bussed to Downieville.

was one of the earlier quartz mines to develop after the opening of the Sierra Buttes and Independence Mines which date back to the late 1850's. In the 1870's or early 1880's a 5-stamp mill was built at the mine. It was increased to a 10-stamp mill in 1888. By 1911, the mine had become the property of the Loefflers who built a new 10-stamp mill in 1928-33. The Loefflers worked the mine into the 1940's. The mill built at that time, which

still stands, was not the original mill at this mine. It was constructed with materials scavenged from the Phoenix mine. The Museum is located here in a separate building.

as early as the 1860's constructed of large logs which eventually became inadequate to accommodate the flow of people. The Bassett family owned the place in the 1870's as well as two barns, a sawmill, a boardinghouse, a blacksmith shop and an early telegraph. It was an important stage stop into the early 1900's when the last Bassett to own it sold it. Since 1915 Bassetts has been a store and gas pump station.

This walking tour guide has been provided as a courtesy by the Sierra County
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